

3.

$3x$	$x^2$	$2x-5$
$3 \times 5 = 15$	$5 \times 5 = 25$	$2 \times 5 = 10$ $10 - 5 = 5$
$4x+2$	$\frac{x}{2}$	$2(x+1)$
$4 \times 5 = 20$ $20 + 2 = 22$	$5 \div 2 = 2.5$	$5 + 1 = 6$ $6 \times 2 = 12$
$7x$	$x+9$	$x-7$
$7 \times 5 = 35$	$5+9=14$	$5-7=-2$

4. a)  $a = 10$   $b = 6$ .

$$a + b = 10 + 6 = 16$$

b)  $a - b = 10 - 6 = 4$

c)  $2a = 2 \times 10 = 20$

d)  $2a + b \rightarrow 2 \times 10 = 20 \rightarrow 20 + 6 = 26$

e)  $3a - 17 \rightarrow 3 \times 10 = 30 \rightarrow 30 - 17 = 13$

f)  $2(a-b) \rightarrow a-b = 10-6=4 \rightarrow 2 \times 4 = 8$ .

5.  $\frac{4}{5} = 0.8$

$2k = 2 \times 0.1 = 0.2$

$$0.8 + 0.2 = 1$$

$$7. \quad m = 7 \quad n = 5$$

$$a) \quad 2m \quad (>) \quad 10$$

$$2 \times m = 2 \times 7 = 14$$

$$b) \quad n - 1 \quad (<) \quad 5$$

$$5 - 1 = 4$$

$$c) \quad 2n + m \quad (<) \quad 2m + n$$

$$2n = 10$$

$$10 + 7 = 17$$

$$2m = 14$$

$$14 + 5 = 19$$

$$d) \quad 7n \quad (=) \quad 5m$$

$$7 \times 5 = 35$$

$$5 \times 7 = 35$$

$$8. \quad 5a = 5 \times 10 = 50$$

$$a + 5 = 10 + 5 = 15$$

$$\frac{a}{5} = 10 \div 5 = 2$$

$$a^2 = 10 \times 10 = 100$$